

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2022

with

Independent Auditors' Report

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Lincoln Meadows Metropolitan District
Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Lincoln Meadows Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lincoln Meadows Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The individual fund budgetary schedules and property tax information listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The budgetary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Simmons & Wheeler P.C.

Englewood, CO

May 8, 2023

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Net Position</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 23,617	\$ -	\$ 23,617	\$ -	\$ 23,617
Cash and investments - restricted	1,600	108,274	109,874	-	109,874
Receivable - County Treasurer	221	4,160	4,381	-	4,381
Property taxes receivable	48,558	645,126	693,684	-	693,684
Prepaid expenses	2,571	-	2,571	-	2,571
Capital assets not being depreciated	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,054,541</u>	<u>1,054,541</u>
Total Assets	<u>76,567</u>	<u>757,560</u>	<u>834,127</u>	<u>1,054,541</u>	<u>1,888,668</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on refunding	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,466,379</u>	<u>1,466,379</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,466,379</u>	<u>1,466,379</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 76,567</u>	<u>\$ 757,560</u>	<u>\$ 834,127</u>		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,022	\$ -	\$ 2,022	-	2,022
Accrued interest on bonds	-	-	-	25,983	25,983
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	-	-	-	185,000	185,000
Due in more than one year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,698,342</u>	<u>9,698,342</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>2,022</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,022</u>	<u>9,909,325</u>	<u>9,911,347</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred property taxes	<u>48,558</u>	<u>645,126</u>	<u>693,684</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>693,684</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>48,558</u>	<u>645,126</u>	<u>693,684</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>693,684</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepays	2,571	-	2,571	(2,571)	-
Restricted:					
Emergencies	1,600	-	1,600	(1,600)	-
Debt service	-	112,434	112,434	(112,434)	-
Unassigned	<u>21,816</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,816</u>	<u>(21,816)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>25,987</u>	<u>112,434</u>	<u>138,421</u>	<u>(138,421)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 76,567</u>	<u>\$ 757,560</u>	<u>\$ 834,127</u>		
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets				(7,362,422)	(7,362,422)
Restricted for:					
Emergencies				1,600	1,600
Debt service				112,434	112,434
Unrestricted				<u>(1,596)</u>	<u>(1,596)</u>
Total Net Position				<u>\$(7,249,984)</u>	<u>\$(7,249,984)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Accounting and audit	\$ 7,570	\$ -	\$ 7,570	\$ -	\$ 7,570
Insurance	2,540	-	2,540	-	2,540
Legal	5,531	-	5,531	-	5,531
Directors' Fees	600	-	600	-	600
Miscellaneous expenses	403	-	403	-	403
Treasurer's fees	523	9,793	10,316	-	10,316
Loan principal	-	180,000	180,000	(180,000)	-
Loan/Bond interest expense	-	282,928	282,928	148,024	430,952
Paying agent fees	-	1,250	1,250	-	1,250
Issuance costs	-	132,393	132,393	-	132,393
Subordinate Note interest expense	-	130,000	130,000	(81,895)	48,105
Total Expenditures	17,167	736,364	753,531	(113,871)	639,660
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property taxes	34,813	653,186	687,999	-	687,999
Specific ownership taxes	3,090	57,983	61,073	-	61,073
Interest income	3,729	1,165	4,894	-	4,894
Total General Revenues	41,632	712,334	753,966	-	753,966
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES					
	24,465	(24,030)	435	113,871	114,306
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Refunding loan	-	8,817,000	8,817,000	(8,817,000)	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(8,687,031)	(8,687,031)	8,687,031	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	129,969	129,969	(129,969)	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES					
	24,465	105,939	130,404	(130,404)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
				114,306	114,306
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,522	6,495	8,017	(7,372,307)	(7,364,290)
END OF YEAR	\$ 25,987	\$ 112,434	\$ 138,421	\$ (7,388,405)	\$ (7,249,984)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 34,919	\$ 34,919	\$ 34,813	\$ (106)
Specific ownership taxes	3,000	3,000	3,090	90
Interest income	<u>-</u>	<u>3,700</u>	<u>3,729</u>	<u>29</u>
Total Revenues	<u>37,919</u>	<u>41,619</u>	<u>41,632</u>	<u>13</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting and audit	6,900	7,600	7,570	30
Insurance	2,600	2,600	2,540	60
Legal	4,000	5,600	5,531	69
Directors' Fees	600	600	600	-
Miscellaneous expenses	550	550	403	147
Treasurer's fees	550	550	523	27
Emergency reserve	<u>1,200</u>	<u>1,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,200</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>16,400</u>	<u>18,700</u>	<u>17,167</u>	<u>1,533</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	21,519	22,919	24,465	1,546
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	21,519	22,919	24,465	1,546
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>-</u>	<u>1,522</u>	<u>1,522</u>	<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 21,519</u>	<u>\$ 24,441</u>	<u>\$ 25,987</u>	<u>\$ 1,546</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Lincoln Meadows Metropolitan District, located in Douglas County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on November 18, 2003, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to finance and construct certain water, street and safety protection improvements, and mosquito control services. Public improvements and facilities constructed by the District may be owned and maintained by the District or dedicated for ownership and maintenance to the City of Parker, Colorado and the Parker Water and Sanitation District for the use and benefit of the taxpayers and service users of the District. The District's primary revenues are property and specific ownership taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB Pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization’s elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government’s legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization’s governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

In December 2022,, the District amended its total appropriations in the Debt Service Fund from \$9,162,900 to \$9,424,752 primarily due the issuance of Series 2022 Loan (see Note 4). Subsequent to year end, the District amended its total appropriations in the General Fund from \$16,400 to \$18,700 primarily due to higher operating expenses.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2022, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Loss on Refunding

Loss on refunding from the Series 2022 Loan is being amortized over the term of the refunded bonds using the effective interest method. Accumulated amortization of the Loss on refunding amounted to \$108,232 at December 31, 2022.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes land, is reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2022.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$2,571 represents prepaid expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$1,600 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$112,434 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs of the 2014 Bonds and 2009 Subordinate Note (see Note 4).

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District may report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2022, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$ 23,617
Cash and investments – Restricted	<u>109,874</u>
Total	<u>\$133,491</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 100,755
Investments – COLOTRUST	<u>32,736</u>
	<u>\$ 133,491</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (“PDPA”) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District’s deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investments

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment in COLOTRUST is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

COLOTRUST

As of December 31, 2022, the District invested in the Colorado Local Governmental Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST"), a local governmental investment vehicle established for local governmental entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. COLOTRUST offers three investment options, one of which is COLOTRUST PRIME. As an investment pool, COLOTRUST operates under the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-701) and is overseen by the Colorado Securities Commissioner. COLOTRUST PRIME may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value ("NAV") of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. COLOTRUST PRIME records its investment at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST PRIME using the next asset value. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. The weighted average maturity is 60 days or less and is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. At December 31, 2022, the District had \$32,736 invested in COLOTRUST PRIME.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 3: Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

Governmental Type Activities:	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
<u>Capital assets not being depreciated:</u>				
Land	\$ 1,054,541	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,054,541
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,054,541	-	-	1,054,541
Government type assets, net	\$ 1,054,541	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,054,541

As of December 31, 2015, the capital assets were conveyed to the Town of Parker, Colorado with the exception of the water and sanitation facilities which were conveyed to Parker Water and Sanitation District. Additionally, the District will not convey certain land holdings which will not be depreciated.

Note 4: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

The District issued \$7,540,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (“Series 2014 Bonds”) dated July 21, 2014 maturing on December 1, 2031. The bonds were issued for the refunding the Series 2003 Bonds and paying the costs of issuance of the bonds. The Series 2014 Bonds carry interest at the rate of 5.5% per annum from July 22, 2014 until November 30, 2015, 6.25% per annum from December 1, 2015 through November 30, 2018 and 8% per annum from December 1, 2018 through maturity. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2014.

All of the Series 2014 Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2018 and on each December 1 thereafter prior to the maturity date of such bonds. Also, as long as the initial purchaser is 100% owner of the Series 2014 Bonds outstanding, the Series 2014 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in each year in the event that there are excess monies in the Surplus Fund over the maximum amount, which is \$200,000, any such amounts in \$1,000 increments shall be called for redemption on the next succeeding December 1. Such amounts shall be applied in inverse order of maturity.

The Series 2014 Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to their maturities at the option of the District on December 1, 2024 and any date thereafter, upon payment of the following Redemption prices:

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

3% premium if called between December 1, 2024 and November 30, 2025

2% premium if called between December 1, 2025 and November 30, 2026

1% premium if called after December 1, 2026

The 2014 Bonds are secured by Pledged Revenues including an ad valorem mill levy in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Series 2014 Bonds as the same becomes due and payable, but when combined with the Operating Levy cannot exceed 50 mills and for as long as the Series 2014 Bonds are outstanding, when combined with the Operating Levy, cannot be less than 40 mills, the portion of Specific Ownership Tax collected as a result of the Required Mill Levy, any funds held in the Town of Parker Escrow Account (See Note 6) allocable to the District, and any other legally available moneys which the District determines to credit to the Bond Fund. The bonds are further secured by a surplus fund in the maximum amount of \$200,000. The Operating Levy imposed by the District can only be in an amount sufficient to produce revenue of not more than \$35,000 per year to fund the operating expenses of the District.

At 12/1/2018, because of delinquent property taxes, the District did not have sufficient funds to pay the scheduled principal amount of \$100,000. Prior to year end the delinquent property taxes were paid to District and the Trustee called a special redemption date for the related bonds. Full payment of the \$100,000 principal plus additional accrued interest of \$956 was paid by the District on January 14, 2019.

At 12/1/2019, because of delinquent property taxes, the District did not have sufficient funds to pay the scheduled principal amount of \$125,000, but was only able to pay \$53,000, leaving a balance of \$72,000 unpaid. Prior to year end the delinquent property taxes were paid to District and the Trustee called a special redemption date for the related bonds. Full payment of the \$72,000 principal balance plus additional accrued interest of \$704 was paid by the District on January 15, 2020.

At 12/1/2020, because of delinquent property taxes, the District did not have sufficient funds to pay the scheduled principal amount of \$165,000, but was only able to pay \$128,000, leaving a balance of \$37,000 unpaid. Prior to year end the delinquent property taxes were paid to District and the Trustee called a special redemption date for the related bonds. Full payment of the \$37,000 principal balance plus additional accrued interest of \$444 was paid by the District on January 26, 2021.

At 12/1/2021, the District did not have sufficient funds to pay the scheduled principal amount of \$180,000, but was only able to pay \$64,000, leaving a balance of \$116,000 unpaid. This shortage was included in the Advance Refunding with the issuance of the Series 2022 Loan on January 11, 2022.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Events of Default as defined in the Series 2014 Bond Indenture are 1) the failure of the District to impose the Required Mill levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by the Indenture, 2) the default by the District in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements, or conditions of the 2014 Indenture or the Bond Resolution, and failure to remedy the same after notice thereof pursuant to the Indenture, and 3) the filing of a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable laws seeking to adjust the obligations represented by the 2017A Bonds. Failure to pay the principal of or interest on the Series 2014 Bonds when due shall not, of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture. Remedies available in the Event of Default include 1) receivership, 2) suit for judgment, and 3) other suits. Acceleration of the Series 2014 Bonds is not an available remedy for an Event of Default. On January 11, 2022, the Series 2014 Bonds were refunded (see below).

\$8,817,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) Refunding Loan, Series 2022

On January 11, 2022, the District refunded and defeased the outstanding balance of the Series 2014 Bonds (“Refunded Bonds”) from the issuance of a \$8,817,000 Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) Refunding Loan, Series 2022 from NBH Bank (“Series 2022 Loan”). The Series 2022 Loan bears interest at an initial rate of 3.61% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2022, and matures on December 1, 2041. From the Conversion date until November 30, 2036, the Series 2022 Loan bears interest at 3.18%, and from December 1, 2036, until Maturity the rate will be 7.00%.

The Series 2022 Loan is secured by the Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as the result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, and any other moneys as determined by the District. The District may, at its option, on any date on or after December 1, 2026, prepay the Series 2022 Loan in whole or in part at a prepayment price equal to the principal amount outstanding plus accrued interest without any prepayment penalty.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Events of Default as defined in the Series 2022 Loan Agreement include 1) before the unlimited tax conversion date, the failure of the District to impose the Required Mill levy, 2) on or after the unlimited tax conversion date, the failure by the District to pay the principal of or interest on the 2022 Loan when due, 3) the failure by the District to transfer the Pledged Revenue to the lender pursuant to the terms and provision of the Loan Agreement, 4) the occurrence and continuance of an event of default or nonperformance under the Series 2022 Loan documents, 5) any representation or warranty made by the District related to the Series 2022 Loan is found to be untrue or incomplete in any material respect, 6) the District shall initiate, acquiesce or consent to any proceeding to dissolve or consolidate with other entities, 7) a change occurs in the financial condition of the District which has a material adverse impact of the ability of the District to meet its obligations and is not cured as prescribed, 8) the District commences any case, proceeding or other action related to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or relief of debtors, or similar actions, 9) the Loan Agreement or related documents cease to be valid and binding on the District or any pledge or security interest created thereunder fails to be fully enforceable, and 10) any funds of the District become subject to writ, judgement, warrant or attachment, execution or similar process and is not released within 10 business days.

Remedies of default include the ability of the Lender to apply all amounts constituting Pledged Revenue to the unpaid principal and accrued interest of the Series 2022 Loan and to take any other action or remedy available under the other Series 2022 Loan documents. Acceleration of the Series 2022 Loan is not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

As a result of the issuance Series 2022 Loan, the Refunded Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities have been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount by \$1,574,611. This amount is recorded as a deferred outflow and is being amortized over the life of the 2014 Bonds. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$198,162 due to the average interest rate of the Series 2022 Loan being lower than the refunded bonds.

Subordinate Note – 2009

On April 7, 2003, the District entered into a Funding Agreement with Strawberry Tierra, Inc., the Developer. The Developer agreed to fund the District any shortfall for the cost of the infrastructure improvements or its current operating expenses not to exceed \$661,000. The District has agreed to repay the developer at such time as funds become available to repay the advances. Advances accrue at an interest rate of 7% per annum beginning on the start date of this agreement or the date of the actual advance, whichever is later. As of January 1, 2009, the District converted the Developer Advances Payable and Accrued Interest at December 31, 2009, to a Subordinate Note, Series 2009 (“Subordinate Note”) maturing on December 31, 2023 and accruing interest at 7% annum. On July 22, 2014 the District adopted a First Amendment to Subordinate Note Resolution which revised the maturity date to December 31, 2039. Additional terms were modified by the Second Amendment to Subordinate Note Resolution adopted by the District on January 7, 2022. Any amounts of principal and interest remaining unpaid on the Subordinate Note on the Maturity Date will be cancelled and discharged. The total interest owed on the advances made to the District as of December 31, 2022, is \$559,129. The unpaid principal at that date is \$687,213.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

The District did not have any unused lines of credit as of December 31, 2022.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2022:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>1/1/2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/2022</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Portion</u>
<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u>					
Series 2014 Bonds	\$ 7,086,000	\$ -	\$7,086,000	\$ -	\$ -
	7,086,000	-	7,086,000	-	-
<u>Notes from direct borrowings</u> <u>and direct placements:</u>					
Series 2022 Loan	-	8,817,000	180,000	8,637,000	185,000
Subordinate Note - 2009	687,213	-	-	687,213	-
Subordinate Note - Accrued Interest	641,024	48,105	130,000	559,129	-
	<u>1,328,237</u>	<u>8,865,105</u>	<u>310,000</u>	<u>9,883,342</u>	<u>185,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,414,237</u>	<u>\$8,865,105</u>	<u>\$7,396,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,883,342</u>	<u>\$ 185,000</u>

Following is a summary of the annual long-term debt requirements for the Series 2022 Loan:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 185,000	\$ 311,796	\$ 496,796
2024	190,000	296,233	486,233
2025	240,000	262,732	502,732
2026	250,000	255,100	505,100
2027	260,000	247,150	507,150
2028-2032	1,455,000	1,105,367	2,560,367
2033-2037	2,193,000	1,030,868	3,223,868
2038-2042	<u>3,864,000</u>	<u>702,030</u>	<u>4,566,030</u>
	<u>\$ 8,637,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,211,276</u>	<u>\$ 12,848,276</u>

Because of the uncertainty of timing of payments under the Subordinate Note – 2009, no related schedule of expected principal and interest payments is presented.

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2022, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$2,287,126. The District has not budgeted to issue debt in 2023.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 5: Related Party

The majority of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer or have an interest in undeveloped land within the District and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board. See Note 4 regarding the Subordinate Note payable to the Developer from the District.

Note 6: Intergovernmental Agreements

On October 31, 2007, the District and the Town of Parker entered into an exclusion agreement. Under this agreement, in January 2008, the District received \$941,757 from the Town of Parker, which amount is estimated by the District and the Town to be the present value of property and related taxes for which the Property would be responsible if not owned by an entity exempt from the Debt Service Mill Levy. The prepayment was paid to the escrow bank and shall be applied by the escrow bank to (i) the payment of the Series 2014 Bonds or (ii) when the Property is subject to the Debt Service Mill Levy to reimburse any Future Owner which is not exempt from taxation. As of December 31, 2020, the escrow has been fully recorded as revenue and \$0 is reflected on the Balance Sheet as Deferred Revenue.

Note 7: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights (“TABOR”), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year’s Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District’s management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 8: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials’ liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position – Governmental Funds includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, notes payable and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities – Governmental Funds includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in process pending transfer to other governmental entities;
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities;
- 3) governmental funds report loan proceeds as revenue; and,
- 4) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

Note 10: Net investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets and reduced by the outstanding balance of bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investment in capital assets of \$(7,249,984). This deficit amount was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which the District conveyed to other governmental entities.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

LINCOLN MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 655,722	\$ 655,723	\$ 653,186	\$ (2,537)
Specific ownership taxes	43,000	58,000	57,983	(17)
Interest income	<u>2,000</u>	<u>1,600</u>	<u>1,165</u>	<u>(435)</u>
Total Revenues	<u>700,722</u>	<u>715,323</u>	<u>712,334</u>	<u>(2,989)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Loan principal	200,000	180,000	180,000	-
Loan/Bond interest expense	250,000	282,928	282,928	-
Subordinate Note interest expense		130,000	130,000	-
Paying agent fees	3,000	2,500	1,250	1,250
Issuance costs	200,000	132,393	132,393	-
Treasurer's fees	<u>9,900</u>	<u>9,900</u>	<u>9,793</u>	<u>107</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>662,900</u>	<u>737,721</u>	<u>736,364</u>	<u>1,357</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	37,822	(22,398)	(24,030)	(1,632)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Refunding loan	9,240,000	8,817,000	8,817,000	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(8,500,000)	(8,687,031)	(8,687,031)	-
Transfers in	<u>23,022</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>763,022</u>	<u>129,969</u>	<u>129,969</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	800,844	107,571	105,939	(1,632)
FUND BALANCE:				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>535</u>	<u>801,380</u>	<u>6,495</u>	<u>(794,885)</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 801,379</u>	<u>\$ 908,951</u>	<u>\$ 112,434</u>	<u>\$ (796,517)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.